

Touchstone Exploration Inc.

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited, thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Note		June 30, 2016	De	ecember 31, 2015
Assets	7				
Current	•				
Cash		\$	2,782	\$	4,710
Accounts receivable	13	•	7,771	•	9,846
Crude oil inventory			150		261
Prepaid expenses			562		833
Acquisition deposit			-		2,847
Financial derivatives	13		-		7,650
Assets held for sale	4		1,278		1,413
			12,543		27,560
Exploration assets	4		1,884		1,654
Property and equipment	5		58,005		70,639
Other assets	6		898		766
		\$	73,330	\$	100,619
Liabilities Current					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	11,125	\$	12,219
Income taxes payable		*	4,328	Ψ	4,637
Bank loan	7		-		8,304
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	4,8		1,278		1,413
	, -		16,731		26,573
Provisions			671		830
Decommissioning obligations	8		10,143		15,168
Deferred income taxes	_		2,726		5,391
			30,271		47,962
Shareholders' equity					
Shareholders' capital	9		169,995		169,950
Warrants	J		. 00,000		33
Contributed surplus			2,067		1,939
Accumulated other comprehensive income			8,277		13,018
Deficit			(137,280)		(132,283)
			43,059		52,657
		\$	73,330	\$	100,619

Going concern (note 2b) Commitments (note 15)

See accompanying notes to these interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of Touchstone Exploration Inc.:

(signed)
John D. Wright
Chairman

(signed)
Trevor Mitzel
Director

Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited, thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

	Note	Thr	ee months 2016	ende	ed June 30 2015		Six months 2016	ende	ed June 30 2015
Revenues									
Petroleum revenue		\$	5,996	\$	10,583	\$	10,783	\$	20,705
Royalties			(1,627)		(3,127)		(3,062)		(6,134)
			4,369		7,456		7,721		14,571
Realized gain on financial derivatives	13		3,316		628		6,462		2,007
Unrealized loss on financial derivatives	13		(6,099)		(2,206)		(8,432)		(2,387)
_			1,586		5,878		5,751		14,191
Expenses			0.440		4 445		E 457		0.700
Operating			2,419		4,415		5,457		8,708
General and administrative			1,571		2,276		3,631		5,638
Loss (gain) on asset dispositions			-		6		-		(124)
Loss on marketable securities	40		-		-		-		51
Net finance expenses	10		337		283		836		561
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	0		35		230		100		(858)
Share-based compensation	9		33		159		101		147
Depletion and depreciation	5		1,154		2,124		2,413		3,935
Impairment	4		114		6,738		227		6,738
Accretion	8		76		153		154		312
			5,739		16,384		12,919		25,108
Loss before income taxes			(4,153)		(10,506)		(7,168)		(10,917)
Income taxes									
Current tax expense			48		451		67		591
Deferred tax recovery			(1,648)		(2,452)		(2,238)		(1,875)
			(1,600)		(2,001)		(2,171)		(1,284)
Net loss			(2,553)		(8,505)		(4,997)		(9,633)
Foreign currency translation adjustment			(450)		(1,061)		(4,741)		3,329
Comprehensive loss		\$	(3,003)	\$	(9,566)	\$	(9,738)	\$	(6,304)
•			, , ,	•	, , , ,	-	, , ,		· /
Net loss per common share									
Basic and diluted	11	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.10)	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.12)

See accompanying notes to these interim consolidated financial statements.

Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited, thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Note	Sh	areholders' capital	Warrants	(Contributed surplus	Accumulated other omprehensive income	Deficit	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2015		\$	169,893	\$ 33	\$	1,513	\$ 4,455	\$ (110,136)	\$ 65,758
Net loss			-	-		-	-	(22,147)	(22,147)
Other comprehensive income			-	-		-	8,563	-	8,563
Share-based compensation expense			-	-		363	-	-	363
Share-based compensation capitalized			-	-		118	-	-	118
Share-based settlements			57	-		(55)	-	-	2
Balance as at December 31, 2015		\$	169,950	\$ 33	\$	1,939	\$ 13,018	\$ (132,283)	\$ 52,657
Net loss			_	_		-	-	(4,997)	(4,997)
Other comprehensive loss			-	-		-	(4,741)	_	(4,741)
Share-based compensation expense	9		-	-		101	` -	-	101
Share-based compensation capitalized	5		-	-		36	-	-	36
Share-based settlements	9		45	-		(42)	-	-	3
Transfer of unexercised warrants			-	(33)		`33	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2016		\$	169,995	\$ •	\$	2,067	\$ 8,277	\$ (137,280)	\$ 43,059

See accompanying notes to these interim consolidated financial statements.

Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited, thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Note	Thr	ee months 2016	ende	d June 30 2015	Six months 2016	ende	ed June 30 2015
Cash provided by (used in):								
Operating activities								
Net loss		\$	(2,553)	\$	(8,505)	\$ (4,997)	\$	(9,633)
Items not involving cash from operations	:							
Loss (gain) on asset dispositions			-		6	-		(124)
Unrealized loss on financial	13		6,099		2,206	8,432		2,387
derivatives			2,222		_,	-,		_,
Non-cash loss on marketable			-		-	-		41
securities	0		22		150	101		1.17
Share-based compensation	9		33		159	101		147
Depletion and depreciation	5		1,154 114		2,124	2,413 227		3,935
Impairment Accretion	4 8		76		6,738 153	154		6,738 312
Non-cash other	0		(105)		268	(209)		243
Unrealized foreign exchange loss			(103)		200	(209)		
(gain)			108		65	314		(984)
Deferred income tax recovery			(1,648)		(2,452)	(2,238)		(1,875)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			3,278		762	4,197		1,187
Change in non-cash working capital			265		1,800	2,158		(1,146)
<u> </u>			3,543		2,562	6,355		41
Investing activities Disposition of marketable securities Exploration asset expenditures Property and equipment expenditures Proceeds from dispositions	4 5 5		(476) 340		(291) (1,144)	(629) (706) 900		249 (479) (2,315) 2,200
Change in non-cash working capital	Ŭ		118		(849)	(14)		(3,696)
onango m non caon non mig capital			(18)		(2,284)	(449)		(4,041)
Financing activities Net (payments) advances of bank								
loan	7		(2,574)		-	(7,864)		1,251
Finance lease receipts (payments)	6		4		(234)	35		(297)
Issuance of common shares	9		3		-	3		1
			(2,567)		(234)	(7,826)		955
Oleana in and			050		4.4	(4.000)		(0.045)
Change in cash			958		44	(1,920)		(3,045)
Cash, beginning of period Impact of foreign exchange in foreign			1,826		4,322	4,710		7,441
denominated cash balances			(2)		(3)	(8)		(33)
Cash, end of period		\$	2,782	\$	4,363	\$ 2,782	\$	4,363
Supplemental information:								
Cash interest paid			60		90	152		158
Cash income taxes paid			53		1,065	67		2,097
2 2.3 to to to paid					.,000	<u></u>		_,007

See accompanying notes to these interim consolidated financial statements.

Unless otherwise stated, amounts presented in these notes are rounded to thousands of Canadian dollars and tabular amounts are stated in thousands of Canadian dollars. Certain reclassification adjustments were made to the interim consolidated financial statements to conform to the current presentation.

1. Reporting Entity

Touchstone Exploration Inc. (the "Company"), formerly Petrobank Energy and Resources Ltd., is incorporated under the laws of Alberta, Canada with its head office located in Calgary, Alberta. The Company is an oil and gas exploration and production company active in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago ("Trinidad").

The principal address of the Company is located at 1100, 332 6th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, T2P 0B2. The Company's common shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "TXP".

2. Basis of Presentation

(a) Statement of compliance

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, the interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies as the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 11, 2016.

(b) Going concern assumption

These interim consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis that contemplated the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they become due.

As at and during the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred a net loss of \$4,997,000, had a working capital deficit position of \$4,188,000, and an accumulated deficit of \$137,280,000. The Company has been in violation of its bank loan monthly production volume covenant throughout 2016 and has received waivers from its lender to rectify the breaches through June 30, 2016. The Company is currently in violation of the July monthly production covenant and is currently seeking a waiver from its lender. In addition, during the quarter the Company's bank loan borrowing base was reduced to US\$6,000,000 which is currently fully restricted by the East Brighton letter of credit and will be reduced to \$nil upon the cancellation of the letter of credit (see note 7).

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There can be no certainty as to the ability of the Company to increase its bank loan borrowing base, obtain new financing or restructure commitments should low crude oil prices persist. These interim consolidated financial statements do not include adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets and liabilities and related expenses that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its

liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business at amounts different from those in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Such adjustments could be material.

(c) Basis of measurement

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial derivatives and investments of marketable securities, which are measured at fair value.

(d) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each consolidated entity are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the parent company. The functional currency of the Company's Barbados subsidiary is the United States dollar ("US\$"), and the functional currency of the Company's Trinidad subsidiaries is the Trinidad and Tobago dollar ("TT\$").

(e) Use of estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Revisions to these accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

3. Changes in Accounting Policies

(a) Accounting standards adopted

There were no new or amended accounting standards or interpretations adopted by the Company during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

(b) Standards issued but not yet adopted

There were no new or amended accounting standards or interpretations issued during the six months ended June 30, 2016 that are applicable to the Company in future periods. A description of accounting standards and interpretations that will be adopted by the Company in future periods can be found in the notes to the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

4. Exploration Assets

Exploration assets consist of the Company's projects in the exploration and evaluation stage which are pending determination of technical and commercial feasibility. The following is a continuity schedule of the Company's exploration assets:

	Trinidad	Canada	Total
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$ 1,306	\$ 8,183	\$ 9,489
Additions	1,792	273	2,065
Transfer to property and equipment	(631)	(3,237)	(3,868)
Dispositions	` -	(4,728)	(4,728)
Classified as held for sale	(1,413)	-	(1,413)
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	109		109
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 1,163	\$ 491	\$ 1,654
Additions	594	35	629
Dispositions (note 5)	-	(60)	(60)
Impairment	(227)	-	(227)
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	(112)	-	(112)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,418	\$ 466	\$ 1,884

The Company entered into an agreement on October 1, 2015 to dispose of its 70% working interest in the East Brighton offshore block for a 3.5%, non-convertible, no deductions gross overriding royalty on future production. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$114,000 and \$227,000 of expenses which were impaired as the recoverable amount of the asset did not exceed the corresponding carrying amount. At June 30, 2016, the exploration asset carrying value of \$1,278,000 and associated decommissioning obligations balance of \$1,278,000 were both classified as held for sale.

5. Property and Equipment

	Trinidad	Canada	Total
Cost:			
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$ 139,256	\$ 7,390	\$ 146,646
Additions	4,093	278	4,371
Dispositions	(1,626)	(414)	(2,040)
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	25,473	<u> </u>	25,473
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 167,196	\$ 7,254	\$ 174,450
Additions	752	22	774
Dispositions	-	(4,197)	(4,197)
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	(15,800)	-	(15,800)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 152,148	\$ 3,079	\$ 155,227

		Trinidad		Canada		Total
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and impair	ments	:				
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$	43,241	\$	1,819	\$	45,060
Depletion and depreciation		7,762		618		8,380
Impairments		33,996		(2,223)		31,773
Dispositions		(442)		1,539		1,097
Decommissioning obligation change in estimate		8,170		-		8,170
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates		9,331		-		9,331
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	102,058	\$	1,753	\$	103,811
Depletion and depreciation		2,031		91		2,122
Dispositions		-		671		671
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates		(9,382)		-		(9,382)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$	94,707	\$	2,515	\$	97,222
Net book values:				<u> </u>		
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	65,138	\$	5,501	\$	70,639
Balance, June 30, 2016	-	57,441	-	564	-	58,005

As at June 30, 2016, \$63,522,000 and \$nil in future development costs were included in the respective Trinidad and Canada cost bases for depletion calculation purposes (December 31, 2015 - \$70,764,000 and \$1,019,000). During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, \$194,000 and \$515,000 (2015 - \$303,000 and \$633,000) of general and administrative expenses and \$16,000 and \$36,000 (2015 - \$37,000 and \$73,000) of share-based compensation expenses were capitalized to property and equipment, respectively.

On February 1, 2016, the Company closed a transaction to dispose of its Kerrobert property and equipment cash generating unit ("CGU") and undeveloped land in its Luseland, Edam and Winter CGUs, all of which were included in the Company's Canadian operations segment. The Company received total consideration of \$4,150,000, which included cash proceeds of \$650,000 and \$3,500,000 in securities through the issuance of 35,000 non-voting preferred shares of the purchaser. The preferred shares were valued at \$250,000 due to a share conversion option. No gain or loss was recorded on the transaction as the Kerrobert CGU net carrying value equaled the proceeds on disposal.

The Company's Fyzabad and Palo Seco agreements with the Trinidad and Tobago Minister of Energy and Energy Industries ("MEEI") expired on August 19, 2013. The Company is currently negotiating license renewals and has permission from the MEEI to operate in the interim period. The Company has no indication that the two licenses will not be renewed. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the production volumes produced under expired MEEI production licenses represented 5.2% and 5.3% of total Trinidad segment production, respectively (2015 – 6.3% and 6.1%).

The Company is operating under a number of Trinidad freehold lease agreements which have expired and are currently being renegotiated. Based on legal opinions received, the Company is continuing to recognize revenue on the producing blocks as the Company is the operator, no title to the revenue has been disputed, and the Company is paying all associated royalties and taxes. The Company currently has no indication that any of the producing expired leases will not be renewed. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the production volumes produced under expired Trinidad freehold lease agreements represented 2.4% and 2.4% of total Trinidad segment production, respectively (2015 - 2.2% and 2.2%).

6. Other Assets

Effective May 1, 2015, the Company entered into a Trinidad based fixed term contractual agreement to lease rig equipment to a third party. The arrangement was accounted for as a finance lease. The Company's net investment in the finance lease receivable was as follows:

	June 30, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015
Net investment in finance lease: Finance lease – gross investment Unearned finance income	\$ 1,225 (240)	\$	1,224 (191)
Total	\$ 985	\$	1,033
Current portion (included in accounts receivable) Non-current portion (included in other assets)	87 898		267 766
Total	\$ 985	\$	1,033

7. Bank Loan

The Company has a secured term facility with a major Canadian bank maturing on December 4, 2017. Total borrowings permitted under the facility cannot exceed the borrowing base, which was US\$6,000,000 at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 – US\$12,000,000). The facility is principally secured by a pledge of the Company's equity interest in its material subsidiaries, together with their respective assets.

At June 30, 2016, \$nil was drawn against the bank loan (December 31, 2015 - \$8,304,000 or US\$6,000,000), and US\$6,000,000 of the facility was used to secure the East Brighton letter of credit (December 31, 2015 – US\$6,000,000). As at June 30, 2016, \$nil was available to be drawn on the credit facility (December 31, 2015 – \$nil).

Effective June 7, 2016, the Company and its lender executed an amendment and limited waiver to the credit agreement which cured the Company's April and May monthly production covenant breaches and reduced the credit facility borrowing base from US\$8,000,000 to US\$6,000,000. Effective July 20, 2016, the parties executed an amendment and limited waiver which cured the Company's June 2016 monthly production covenant breach and extended the US\$1,000,000 prepayment due on July 15, 2016 to August 31, 2016 should the East Brighton letter of credit remain outstanding. Upon the cancellation of the East Brighton letter of credit, the borrowing base will concurrently be reduced to \$nil. Beginning on July 29, 2016 and on the 15th of each month thereafter, the Company is required to pre-pay US\$75,000 per month to the lender.

The bank loan agreement contains a number of covenants. The major financial and operational covenants and the Company's estimated position as at and during the three months ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Covenant	Estimated Position at June 30, 2016 ¹	Covenant threshold
Total debt ² to EBITDA ratio	1.0 times	Max 3.0 times
Interest coverage ratio	10.8 times	Min 2.5 times
April 2016 production covenant (barrels per day)	1,318	Min 1,400
May 2016 production covenant (barrels per day)	1,366	Min 1,400
June 2016 production covenant (barrels per day)	1,278	Min 1,400

¹Estimated position subject to final approval.

²Total debt includes principal amounts drawn from the credit facility and outstanding letter of credit and bonding obligations.

The Company is currently in default of its July 2016 monthly production covenant and is seeking a waiver from its lender.

8. Decommissioning Obligations

The Company's decommissioning obligations relate to future site restoration and abandonment costs including the costs of production equipment removal and land reclamation based on current regulations and economic circumstances. The total decommissioning obligation is estimated by management based on the Company's net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, estimated costs to reclaim and abandon these wells and facilities, and the estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future periods.

Under certain Trinidad licenses, the Company is obligated to remit funds into an abandonment fund based on production. The abandonment fund obligations are determined based on cumulative crude oil sales and recognized as a current liability and a reduction of the long-term decommissioning obligation. Payments to the fund are typically made on an annual basis and recorded as a long-term asset included in property equipment. As at June 30, 2016, the Company has remitted \$497,000 of abandonment fund payments and \$439,000 in short-term fund obligations are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Company and the Trinidad government must agree on the budget and particular site to reclaim prior to using the abandonment fund.

	Trinidad	Canada	Total
Balance, January 1, 2015 Dispositions Liabilities incurred Accretion expense (recovery) Change in estimates Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	\$ 13,979 - 517 643 (5,098) 2,918	\$ 5,441 (1,625) - (19) 231	\$ 19,420 (1,625) 517 624 (4,867) 2,918
Balance, December 31, 2015 Dispositions (note 5) Liabilities incurred Accretion expense Change in estimates Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	\$ 12,959 - 1 154 (17) (1,237)	\$ 4,028 (4,028)	\$ 16,987 (4,028) 1 154 (17) (1,237)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 11,860	\$ -	\$ 11,860
Non-current Current (included in accounts payable) Current (classified as held for sale – note 4)	10,143 439 1,278	- - -	10,143 439 1,278
Total	\$ 11,860	\$ -	\$ 11,860

As disclosed in note 5, the Company closed a transaction to dispose of its Kerrobert property and equipment CGU and undeveloped land in its Luseland, Edam and Winter CGUs on February 1, 2016. Through the disposition, the Company transferred its entire Canadian segment decommissioning liability to the purchaser.

As at June 30, 2016, the Company estimated the total undiscounted cash flows required to settle its Trinidad decommissioning obligations was approximately \$24,297,000 (December 31, 2015 - \$26,809,000). The majority of these obligations are anticipated to be incurred in 2026 and are expected to be funded from the abandonment fund and the Company's internal resources available at the time of settlement. Decommissioning liabilities were discounted using a weighted average risk-free rate of 7.5% and calculated using an inflation rate of 4% (December 31, 2015 – 7.5% and 4%, respectively).

9. Shareholders' Capital

(a) Issued and outstanding common shares

	Number of shares	Amount	
Balance, January 1, 2015 Exercise of incentive share options	83,059,643 27,500	\$	169,893 57
Balance, December 31, 2015 Exercise of incentive share options	83,087,143 50,000	\$	169,950 45
Balance, June 30, 2016	83,137,143	\$	169,995

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of voting common shares without nominal or par value.

(b) Share options

The Company has a share option plan pursuant to which options to purchase common shares of the Company may be granted by the Board of Directors to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The exercise price of each option may not be less than the closing price of the common shares prior to the date of grant. Compensation expense is recognized as the options vest. Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, vesting typically occurs one third on each of the next three anniversaries of the date of the grant as recipients render continuous service to the Company, and the share options typically expire five years from the date of the grant. The maximum number of common shares issuable on the exercise of outstanding share options and incentive share options at any time is limited to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares.

	Number of options	Weighted avg. exercise price		
Outstanding, January 1, 2015	4,814,085	\$	1.04	
Granted	1,891,800		0.33	
Forfeited	(1,397,440)		1.21	
Outstanding, December 31, 2015	5,308,445	\$	0.75	
Granted	1,558,800		0.23	
Forfeited	(793,205)		0.81	
Outstanding, June 30, 2016	6,074,040	\$	0.61	
Exercisable, June 30, 2016	2,716,833		0.87	

(c) Incentive share options

The Company has an incentive share option plan which provides for the grant of incentive share options to purchase common shares of the Company at a \$0.05 exercise price. A maximum of two million incentive shares has been approved for issuance under this plan. Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, vesting typically occurs one third on each of the next three anniversaries of the date of the grant, and the incentive share options typically expire five years from the date of the grant.

Number of incentive shares		hted avg. cise price
336,750 (27,500) (11,125)	\$	0.06 0.10 0.10
298,125 (50,000) (20,625)	\$	0.06 0.05 0.10
227,500	\$	0.06 0.06
	incentive shares 336,750 (27,500) (11,125) 298,125 (50,000) (20,625)	incentive shares 336,750 \$ (27,500) (11,125) 298,125 \$ (50,000) (20,625) 227,500 \$

10. Net Finance Expenses

	Three months ended June 30,					Six months ended June 30,				
		2016		2015		2016		2015		
Interest income Interest expense on bank loan Finance fees and other	\$	(30) 25 342	\$	(7) 115 175	\$	(61) 120 777	\$	(10) 213 358		
Net finance expenses	\$	337	\$	283	\$	836	\$	561		

Interest income included interest earned from funds on deposit and interest generated from a Trinidad capital equipment finance lease (note 6). Financing fees were comprised primarily of bank loan administrative fees and interest expenses relating to outstanding Trinidad tax balances.

11. Loss per Common Share

	Three months ended June 30, 2016 2015					Six months 2016	ided June 30, 2015	
Net loss	\$	(2,553)	\$	(8,505)	\$	(4,997)	\$	(9,633)
Weighted number of average common shares outstanding:								
Basic and diluted	8	3,125,605		83,079,643		83,106,374		83,076,770
								,

There was no dilutive impact to the weighted average number of common shares at June 30, 2016 and 2015, as all share options, incentive share options and warrants were excluded from the weighted average dilutive share calculation because their effect would be anti-dilutive.

12. Capital Management

The basis for the Company's capital structure is dependent on the Company's expected business growth and any changes in the business and commodity price environment. Stewardship of the Company's capital structure is managed through its financial and operating forecast process. The forecast of the Company's future cash flows is based on estimates of production, crude oil prices, royalty expenses, operating expenses, general and administrative expenses, capital expenditures and other investing and financing activities. The forecast is regularly updated based on changes in commodity prices, production expectations and other factors that in the Company's view would impact cash flow.

The Company monitors its capital management through the net debt to net debt plus equity ratio. Net debt is a non-IFRS measure calculated as working capital less long-term portions of interest bearing financial liabilities. Working capital is calculated as current assets less current liabilities. The Company's strategy is to utilize more equity than debt, thereby targeting net debt to net debt plus shareholders' equity at a ratio of less than 0.4 to 1.

	Target measure	June 30, 2016	De	ecember 31, 2015
Working capital deficiency (surplus) Long-term portion of bank loan	\$	4,188 -	\$	(987) -
Net debt (surplus) Shareholders' equity	\$	4,188 43,059	\$	(987) 52,657
Net debt plus equity	\$	47,247	\$	51,670
Net debt to net debt plus equity	< 0.4 times	0.09		(0.02)

13. Risk Management

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that the Company may incur a loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligation in accordance with agreed terms. All of the Company's Trinidad crude oil production is sold, as determined by market based prices adjusted for quality differentials, to the Petroleum Company of Trinidad and Tobago Limited ("Petrotrin"). Typically, the Company's maximum credit exposure to Petrotrin is revenue for one month's petroleum sales, of which \$1,823,000 was included in accounts receivable as at June 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015 - \$2,732,000). The aging of accounts receivable as at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	June 30, 2016	De	cember 31, 2015
Not past due	\$ 4,675	\$	8,733
Past due greater than 90 days	3,096		1,113
Total accounts receivable	\$ 7,771	\$	9,846

No provision was made for past due receivables as the Company assessed that there were no impaired receivables. The Company believes that the accounts receivable balances that are past due are still collectible, as the majority are due from government agencies. The Company's carrying values of accounts receivable and financial derivative balances represent the Company's maximum credit exposure.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Liquidity risk also includes the risk of not being able to liquidate assets in a timely manner at a reasonable price. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due, under both normal and unusual conditions without incurring unacceptable losses or jeopardizing the Company's business objectives. The Company manages this risk by preparing cash flow forecasts to assess whether additional funds are required. The Company's liquidity is dependent on the Company's expected business growth and changes in the business environment.

To manage its capital structure in a period of low commodity prices, the Company may reduce its fixed cost structure, adjust capital spending, issue new equity or seek additional sources of debt financing. There can be no certainty as to the ability of the Company to increase its bank loan borrowing base or obtain new financing should low crude oil prices persist. The Company will continue to assess new sources of financing available and to manage its expenditures to reflect current financial resources in the interest of sustaining long-term viability. Refer to note 2(b) for further discussion on liquidity risk. Undiscounted cash outflows relating to financial liabilities as at June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Less than 1 year	1 – 3 years	4 – 5 years	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 11,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,125
Income taxes payable	4,328	-	-	4,328
Bank loan	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	\$ 15,453	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 15,453

(c) Commodity price risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price movements as part of its operations, particularly in relation to prices received for its oil production. Commodity prices for oil are impacted by the world and continental/regional economy and other events that dictate the levels of supply and demand. Consequently, these changes could also affect the value of the Company's properties, the level of spending for exploration and development and the ability to meet obligations as they come due.

On June 2, 2016, the Company liquidated its outstanding commodity financial contracts for gross proceeds of US\$2,019,000. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company realized gains of \$3,316,000 and \$6,462,000 (2015 - \$628,000 and \$2,007,000) and unrealized losses of \$6,099,000 and \$8,432,000 (2015 - \$2,206,000 and \$2,387,000) related to commodity management contracts, respectively. The Company had no commodity financial contracts in place as at June 30, 2016.

(d) Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from changes in foreign exchange rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. As the Company primarily operates in Trinidad, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Trinidad and Tobago dollar can have a significant effect on reported results. The Company's foreign exchange gain or losses primarily include unrealized foreign exchange gains on losses on the translation of the Company's US\$ denominated bank loan and the translation of the Company's TT\$ denominated working capital balances. The Company's foreign currency policy is to monitor foreign currency risk exposure in its areas of operations and mitigate that risk where possible by matching foreign currency denominated expenses with revenues denominated in foreign currencies. The Company attempts to limit its exposure to foreign currency through collecting and paying foreign currency denominated balances in a timely fashion. The Company had no contracts in place to manage foreign currency risk as at or during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

(e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from changes in market interest rates that may affect earnings, cash flows and valuations. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in relation to interest expense on its variable rate bank loan. The Company had no contracts in place to manage interest rate risk as at or during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

14. Segmented Information

The Company is comprised of Trinidad and Canada operating segments.

	Trinidad	Canada	Total
As at June 30, 2016			
Exploration assets	\$ 1,418 \$	466 \$	1,884
Property and equipment, net	57,441	564	58,005
Total assets	52,020	21,310	73,330
Decommissioning obligations	10,143	-	10,143
Deferred tax liabilities	2,726	-	2,726
Total liabilities	28,275	1,996	30,271
Six months ended June 30, 2016			
Petroleum revenue	10,783	-	10,783
Total expenses	10,422	2,497	12,919
Loss before income taxes	(4,671)	(2,497)	(7,168)
Income tax recovery	(2,171)	-	(2,171)
Net loss	(2,500)	(2,497)	(4,997)
Exploration asset expenditures	594	35	629
Property and equipment expenditures	685	21	706
As at June 30, 2015			
Exploration assets	680	1,153	1,833
Property and equipment, net	99,055	4,454	103,509
Total assets	104,483	21,305	125,788
Decommissioning obligations	17,745	3,881	21,626
Deferred tax liabilities	19,617	-	19,617
Total liabilities	57,487	8,626	66,113
Six months ended June 30, 2015			
Petroleum revenue	19,071	1,634	20,705
Total expenses	16,332	8,776	25,108
Loss before income taxes	(3,576)	(7,341)	(10,917)
Income tax recovery	(1,284)	-	(1,284)
Net loss	(2,292)	(7,341)	(9,633)
Exploration asset expenditures	223	256	479
Property and equipment expenditures	2,299	16	2,315

15. Commitments

The Company has minimum work obligations under various operating agreements with Petrotrin, exploration commitments under the Ortoire license and production agreement with the MEEI and various commitments for office space, and light-duty vehicles. The Company's estimated capital commitments over the next three years and thereafter as at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	2016	2017	2018	Th	ereafter	Total
Trinidad operating agreements	\$ 5,797	\$ 4,660	\$ 2,775	\$	945	\$ 14,177
Trinidad exploration license	189	7,839	4,208		2,605	14,841
Canada office leases	176	227	401		884	1,688
Trinidad equipment leases	4	-	-		-	4
Total minimum payments	\$ 6,166	\$ 12,726	\$ 7,384	\$	4,434	\$ 30,710

Under the terms of its Trinidad concessions, the Company must fulfill the minimum work obligations and exploration commitments over the specific license term and thus has restricted discretion over the timing of when capital commitments are satisfied within a license period.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

As at June 30, 2016 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

The Company has various letters of credit totaling US\$299,000 related to its work commitments on its Petrotrin concessions. The Company has a security agreement with Export Development Canada in connection with a performance security guarantee that supports a US\$3,313,000 letter of credit provided to the MEEI related to work commitments on its Ortoire property. In addition, the Company has a US\$6,000,000 letter of credit relating to work commitments on the East Brighton block which currently restricts the entire borrowing base available on the bank loan. This letter of credit is expected to be cancelled upon closing of the East Brighton disposition (note 4), at which point the bank loan borrowing base will be reduced to \$nil. The Company has excluded an estimated US\$4,200,000 in future East Brighton work obligations in its commitments disclosure above, of which there are no immediate commitments in 2016.